# **CONCUSSION RECOGNITION TOOL 5**°

To help identify concussion in children, adolescents and adults

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## **RECOGNISE & REMOVE**

Head impacts can be associated with serious and potentially fatal brain injuries. The Concussion Recognition Tool 5 (CRT5) is to be used for the identification of suspected concussion. It is not designed to diagnose concussion.

### STEP 1: RED FLAGS - CALL AN AMBULANCE

If there is concern after an injury including whether ANY of the following signs are observed or complaints are reported then the player should be safely and immediately removed from play/game/activity. If no licensed healthcare professional is available, call an ambulance for urgent medical assessment:

<ul> <li>Neck pain or tenderness</li> <li>Double vision</li> </ul>	Severe or increasing headache	Deteriorating conscious state
Weakness or tingling/	Seizure or convulsion	Vomiting
burning in arms or legs	Loss of consciousness	Increasingly restless, agitated or combative

- Remember: In all cases, the basic principles Do not attempt to move the player of first aid (danger, response, (other than required for airway airway, breathing, circulation) support) unless trained to so do. should be followed. · Do not remove a helmet or any other equipment unless
  - Assessment for a spinal cord injury is critical.

If there are no Red Flags, identification of possible concussion should proceed to the following steps:

# **STEP 2: OBSERVABLE SIGNS**

#### Visual clues that suggest possible concussion include:

 Lying motionless on the playing surface · Slow to get up after

hit to the head

confusion, or an inability to respond appropriately to questions a direct or indirect

Disorientation or

Blank or vacant look

stumbling, slow laboured movements

trained to do so safely.

Facial injury after head trauma

Balance, gait difficulties,

motor incoordination,

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# **STEP 3: SYMPTOMS**

Headache	Blurred vision	More emotional	Difficulty
• "Pressure in head"	Sensitivity to light	More Irritable	concentrating
Balance problems	<ul> <li>Sensitivity to noise</li> </ul>	Sadness	<ul> <li>Difficulty remembering</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Nausea or vomiting</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Fatigue or low energy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Nervous or anxious</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feeling slowed down</li> </ul>
Drowsiness	<ul> <li>"Don't feel right"</li> </ul>	Neck Pain	<ul> <li>Feeling like "in a fog"</li> </ul>

Dizziness

# **STEP 4: MEMORY ASSESSMENT**

(IN ATHLETES OLDER THAN 12 YEARS)

Failure to answer any of "What venue are these questions (modified we at today?" appropriately for each sport) correctly may suggest a concussion: "Who scored last in this game?"

- "What team did you play last week/game?" "Which half is it now?" "Did your team win
  - the last game?"

# Athletes with suspected concussion should:

- Not be left alone initially (at least for the first 1-2 hours).
- Not drink alcohol.
- Not use recreational/ prescription drugs.
- · Not be sent home by themselves. They need to be with a responsible adult.
- Not drive a motor vehicle until cleared to do so by a healthcare professional.

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ANY ATHLETE WITH A SUSPECTED CONCUSSION SHOULD BE IMMEDIATELY REMOVED FROM PRACTICE OR PLAY AND SHOULD NOT RETURN TO ACTIVITY UNTIL ASSESSED MEDICALLY, EVEN IF THE SYMPTOMS RESOLVE

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